Proposed Conservation Areas and Extensions

The high architectural quality required for conservation area designation can be seen through Brent’s existing conservation areas such as Barn Hill. It derives its special interest from the hillside setting as much as from the designs of the houses by builder-developers Messers Haymills which illustrate attractive distinctive mock-Tudor character and detailing (pictured above).

May 2019
Background

Historic Environment Place-making Strategy

A Historic Environment Place-making Strategy for Brent has been drafted to support the Local Plan and sets out and assesses the rich history and architecture of Brent. The Strategy can be downloaded at: www.brent.gov.uk

Possible conservation areas and extensions to existing conservation area boundaries

In terms of conservation areas, the Council has a statutory duty to review conservation areas periodically to bring forward proposals for protection and enhancement and to check their special architectural and historic interest is still significant.

An initial review of possible parts of the Borough which could merit conservation area status (new and extensions to boundaries) has been undertaken as part of the Historic Environment Place-making Strategy. Each area has been surveyed to establish whether it has special architectural or historic interest. The overall boundaries have not been precisely considered but, generally, the history, architecture, buildings, layouts, streets and trees have been assessed.

At this stage the Council only wishes to understand if these approximate areas are worthy of further investigation. The main purpose is to assess whether or not a new conservation area could be designated or an existing conservation area boundary extended. If these areas can be seen to have demonstrably special architectural or historic interest then formal consultation will be undertaken.

Current status

If your property falls within a proposed conservation area or an extension to existing conservation area boundary it currently carries limited weight in the planning process as the area is not formally designated. The Council will however give additional scrutiny from a heritage perspective to applications for significant changes in these areas to ensure that proposals for properties or structures do not obviously diminish consistency of character or loss of important features that reduce the area’s potential for conservation area status.

Next steps

The Historic Environment Place-making Strategy is part of the Local Plan evidence base. The Local Plan and evidence base underwent consultation between November 2018 and January 2019. The Local Plan will be published for a further stage of consultation (known as Regulation 19 stage) in late 2019 with anticipated examination and adoption in 2020.

Following recommendations in the Historic Environment Place-making Strategy, all the proposed conservation areas and extensions to existing conservation area boundaries will be programmed for review.

Formal public consultation on the proposed conservation areas and extensions to existing conservation area boundaries is necessary and will be undertaken. This provides an opportunity to test local resident, businesses and public support which is important if policies directed towards the preservation or enhancement of the character or appearance of the area are to succeed. Anyone can make representations.

Results of initial survey

The following pages give details of possible parts of the Borough which could merit conservation area status (new and extensions to boundaries). The full survey can be downloaded at: www.brent.gov.uk
In 1880 the Metropolitan Railway extended its line from Willesden Green to Harrow and opened a station on Neasden Lane. The Metropolitan also purchased land to build workshops, engine sheds and labourers' cottages, now the Neasden Village Conservation Area.

In 1880 there were 30 trains a day each way between Baker Street and Harrow. The journey from Neasden to Baker Street took 20 minutes. The railway stimulated development and farmland was being sold for building meaning this part of Neasden grew fastest, especially Dudden Hill. The Dudden Hill Estate was planned as early as 1899. It was to consist of a grid of 14 roads with names starting with the first 14 letters of the alphabet, excluding 'J'. The area was largely built up by 1911, when the Dudding Hill Estate Association was founded. Dudding Hill was regarded as the more genteel spelling of the name. The district got a Metropolitan station in 1909, misleadingly called Dollis Hill. It is these distinctive houses that merit further investigation for conservation area designation.
Possible conservation area: Dudden Hill

Old postcard of Aberdeen Road showing original housing.

Same type of view today indicating architectural quality still remains